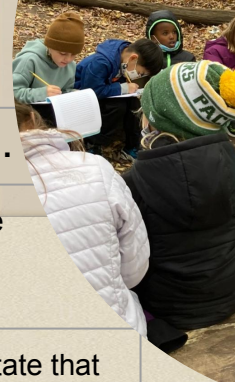


Multiple Language Learning in Nature-Based Classrooms

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Natural Start Webinar, 2024
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We know this about outdoor learning...

Students produce longer utterances with more lexical diversity in an outdoor, child-led setting (Richardson & Murray, 2017).

Children are more likely to be in relaxed mental state in natural settings as compared to indoor, formal learning settings (Leppink et al., 2016).

Realia are ever-present in outdoor settings (Jennerjohn, 2022).

A variety of pedagogies can be implemented in outdoor settings.

Physical movement is enhanced outdoors (e.g., Álvarez-Bueno et al., 2017).

Overall literacy scores on standardized tests improve when students consistently participate in environmentally-based education (Ernst & Stanek, 2006).

So we might infer for emergent multilingual students...

That the outdoors is a setting that can offer opportunities for the increased talk necessary for language development.

That the outdoors might offer the relaxed, yet active and alert state that is optimal for learning language.

That language learning can be enhanced by the realia that are readily available outdoors.

That explicit, developmentally-appropriate language instruction can be conducted in outdoor settings.

That content-rich, inquiry-driven pedagogies, with opportunities for intentional embedded vocabulary development, are also well-supported by the outdoors.

That the Total Physical Response methodologies could be readily implemented in the outdoors.

That outdoor learning may give emergent multilingual students a boost in their literacy trajectories (Kuo et al., 2019).

Resources:

WIDA Focus Briefs:

[Language-Focused Family Engagement](#)

[Promoting Equity for Young Multilingual Children and Their Families](#)

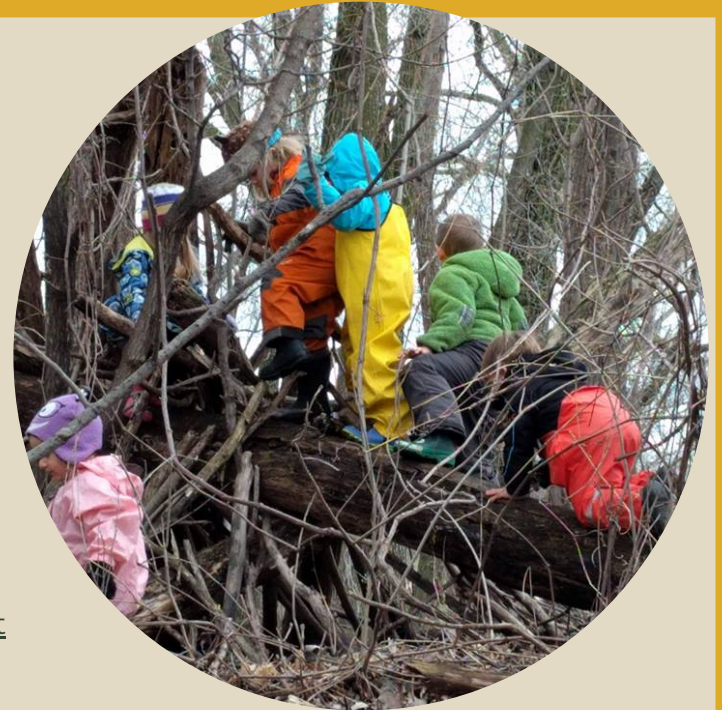
[Making Science Multilingual](#)

[Words for Science Learning: Which Words and When?](#)

[Translanguaging](#)

Podcast: [How Science Strengthens Literacy and Language Development](#)

Blog: [Using Inquiry-Based Learning with Multilingual Learners](#)



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